

# Preparing Heritage Institutions' Metadata for the Semantic Web: Case Study of Bibliographic Data

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# (1) Context: Semantic Web and Linked Data

## Argument (#1)

Heritage institutions possess highly **authoritative and trustworthy descriptive and authority data**; however, they are still closed in **silos** of their local systems or different kinds of union catalogues – whether physical or virtual. These data can be searched and retrieved, and subsequently used in a manner **structured and predefined** by the professionals based on **their assumptions of users needs**.

# (1) Context: Semantic Web and Linked Data

## Argument (#2)

**Semantic Web** standards and technologies and **Linked Data** concept provides means of releasing heritage institutions' metadata into the Semantic Web environment; however, ALM professionals have to prepare their **metadata** for such an environment in which **users will be enabled to perform tasks according to their specific needs**, and not necessarily only those traditionally envisioned by them.

# (1) Context: Semantic Web and Linked Data

## Argument (#3)

World Wide Web (1989/90-) → [T. Berners-Lee](#) “universal linked information system”

Information Object /Lifecycle of the [digital]Object = unit of description& its processing

Models & standards = interoperability if not convergence  
e.g., IFLA conceptual model for authority data – [FRAD](#):  
influenced by archival and museum communities →  
potential interest for these communities & therefore a  
meeting point / link!

Semantic Web (2001-) → space for further evolution of “our”  
co-operation: standards, data, services to users in the  
form of LINKING “things”

# (1) Context: Semantic Web and Linked Data

“**Talk** of the Semantic Web is reminiscent of the artificial intelligence (AI) rage of two decades ago. There is compelling jargon, hyped promise, over-arching expectations, large sums of money, conferences, grants, and grant research programs. Will we see **a reprise of the collapse of expectations, the so-called *AI-winter***, as well? AI research suffered not so much from lack of ideas, resources, and enthusiasm, as from a plethora of all of these, without a **sufficient intellectual foundation** to support them.”

[Stuart L. Weibel. Social Bibliography](#) : A Personal Perspective on Libraries and the Semantic Web (2007). [Knitting the Semantic Web](#). Binghampton: Howarth Press. Pp. 227-236.

# (1) Context: Semantic Web and Linked Data

The image is a screenshot of the Scientific American website. At the top, there is a dark banner for ExxonMobil with the text "Learn more about oil sands." and "Taking on the world's toughest energy challenges." Below this is a navigation bar with "Log In or Register" and social media icons. The main header features the "SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN" logo, a bird icon, and the text "Winner of the 2011 National Magazine Award for General Excellence". A search bar is located below the header. A red navigation bar contains links for "News & Features", "Blogs", "Multimedia", "Education", "Citizen Science", "Topics", and "Magazines". The main content area shows a breadcrumb trail: "Home » Scientific American Magazine » May 2001". Under "Feature Articles", there is a tweet button and a featured article titled "The Semantic Web" by Tim Berners-Lee, James Hendler, and Ora Lassila, dated May 17, 2001. The article's description is "A new form of Web content that is meaningful to computers will unleash a revolution of new possibilities". The words "Web content" are circled in green, and "meaningful to computers" is circled in red. To the right of the article is an advertisement for ExxonMobil with the text "Learn more about oil sands." and a "Click to Watch Video" button. A small number "7" is visible in the bottom right corner.

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By Tim Berners-Lee, James Hendler and Ora Lassila | May 17, 2001 | 6

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# (1) Context: Semantic Web and Linked Data

The Semantic Web is a web of data. [...]

The Semantic Web is about two things. It is about common formats for integration and combination of **data** drawn from diverse sources, where on the original Web mainly concentrated on the interchange of documents. It is also about **language for recording how the data relates** to real world objects. That allows a person, or a machine, to start off in one database, and then move through an unending set of databases which are connected not by wires but by **being about the same thing**. (2001)



# (1) Context: Semantic Web and [Linked Data](#)

Weibel's "**sufficient intellectual foundation**": [W3C](#)

In addition to the classic "Web of documents" W3C is helping to build a technology stack to support a "Web of data," the sort of data you find in databases. The ultimate goal of the Web of data is to enable **computers to do more useful work** and to develop systems that can support **trusted interactions** over the network. The term "Semantic Web" refers to W3C's **vision of the Web of linked data**. Semantic Web technologies enable people to create data stores on the Web, build vocabularies, and write rules for handling data. Linked data are empowered by technologies such as **RDF**, SPARQL, OWL, and SKOS.

# (1) Context: Semantic Web and Linked Data

## Inference [machine-understandable data]

inference on the Semantic Web can be characterized by **discovering new relationships**. On the Semantic Web, data is modeled as a **set of (named) relationships between resources**. “Inference” means that automatic procedures can generate new relationships based on the data and based on some additional information in the form of a vocabulary, e.g., a set of rules. Whether the new relationships are **explicitly added** to the set of data, or are returned at query time, is an implementation issue.

## RDF: Resource Description Framework [format/standard]

is a language for representing information about resources in the World Wide Web → **triple**: subject – predicate – object

# Mark A. Matienzo. Linked Data and Archival Description:

Confluence, Contingencies, and Conflicts

Cornell University Metadata Group, February 19, 2010

`<http://matienzo.org/#me> foaf:firstName "Mark".`

thing (Me)

subject

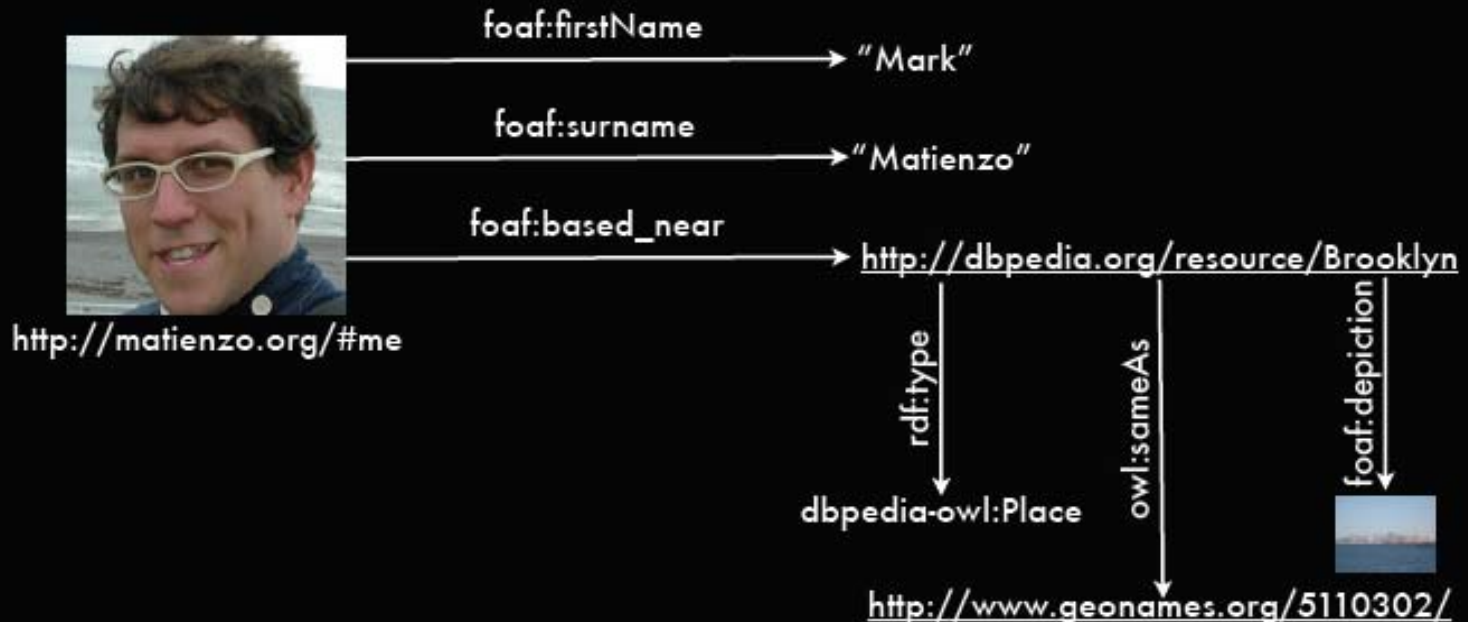
property

predicate

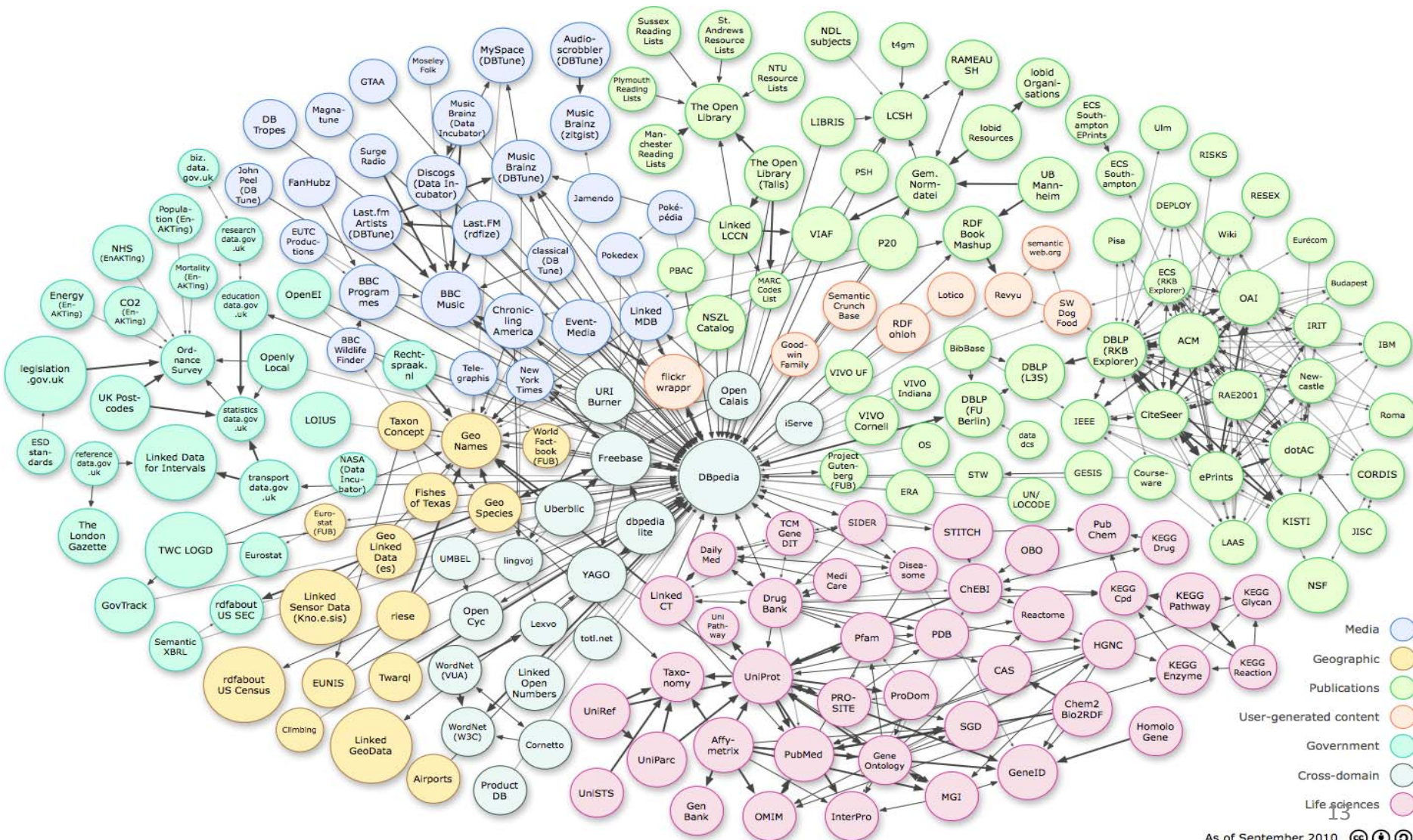
value

object

# An RDF Graph



# Linking Open Data cloud diagram, by Richard Cyganiak and Anja Jentzsch. <http://lod-cloud.net/>



## Mark A. Matienzo. Linked Data and Archival Description:

Confluence, Contingencies, and Conflicts

Cornell University Metadata Group, February 19, 2010

M. A. Matienzo's conclusions:

- EAD as/and Linked/Linking Data → EAD isn't up for the task
- EAD is document-centric standard, not a data-centric standard.
- EAD does not allow elements from other namespaces.
- Attributes are totally insufficient.
- Linking elements do not describe why we make links in a machine-friendly way.

# What about archival description as RDF, reusing library-focused ontologies, etc.?

## Mark A. Matienzo. Linked Data and Archival Description:

Confluence, Contingencies, and Conflicts

Cornell University Metadata Group, February 19, 2010

### Future Work and Improvements:

- Identify subsets/types of relationships that are easy to model in RDF.
- Expose data in public descriptive systems as best we can (e.g. RDFa).
- Add meaningful links to online descriptive apparatuses.
- Revise our descriptive standards to allow better recombination of metadata.
- AND:



**Follow the lead of our  
library and museum  
colleagues and develop  
conceptual models of  
archival description.**

## (2) IFLA conceptual models and standards in RDF

### (1) Representation in RDF

- (1) 2006: ISBD Review Group. Material Designations Study Group → ISBD/XML
- (2) 2007: [FRBR Review Group](#) → FRBR in RDF
- (3) 2008-2011: ISBD Review Group. [ISBD/XML Study Group](#) → 3 year project: ISBD in RDF
- (4) 2009-: FRBR Review Group → FRAD/FRSAD in RDF
- (5) IFLA . Namespaces Task Group. [IFLA namespaces - requirements and options](#)
- (6) 2011: proposal for UNIMARC/B and UNIMARC/A in RDF

Technical infrastructure: [Open Metadata Registry](#)

## Welcome to The Registry!

This is the home page for the Open Metadata Registry (formerly the NSDL Registry), a [JES & Co.](#) project.

The Metadata Registry provides services to developers and consumers of controlled vocabularies and is one of the first production deployments of the [RDF-based Semantic Web Community's Simple Knowledge Organization System](#) (SKOS)

### How to begin (UPDATED!)

[Step-by-step illustrated instructions...](#)

## Play in the [Metadata Registry Sandbox](#)

If you just want to experiment and play around a bit, go on over to the [Metadata Registry Sandbox](#). The code is exactly the same, but it's using a non-production database. (Please be careful not to kick any sand out of the box) NOTE: The [sandbox](#) has its own domain now. If you had bookmarked the [beta](#) site thinking that it was the sandbox (and we did say that), it will shortly be a real beta site again complete with broken code, wacky ideas, and disappearing data. Please change your sandbox bookmarks to point to the [Metadata Registry Sandbox](#). Any of the sandcastles that you had built in the [beta](#), back when you thought it was the [sandbox](#), are still there.

### Browse...

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[SPARQL](#)

Feedback

## Registry News ...from the [Registry Blog](#) [rss 2.0](#) [rss 1.0](#) [atom 1.0](#) **Latest Activity** [atom 1.0](#)

### [SPARQL queries](#)

Posted by: Jon at 14:55 on Thursday, April 14, 2011 GMT

We're using Benjamin Nowack's excellent ARC libraries for a tiny bit of our RDF management. It may surprise you to know that we don't use a triple store as our primary data store, but we do too many things with the data that we think are cumbersome at best when managed exclusively in a triple store (a subject [...])

### [ISBD elements :: has title :: uri :: updated](#)

On Mon Jun 13 2011 at 5:54:45 PDT, [Gordon Dunsire](#), working on the Element: [has title](#), updated the [uri \(en\)](#) Property

To:

<http://iflstandards.info/ns/isbd/elements/P1012>

From:

<http://iflstandards.info/ns/isbd/elements/P1012>

[Announcing the New Open Metadata Registry](#)

## Browse...

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## Element Sets

Label ▲ ⓘ	Owner ⓘ	Last Updated ⓘ	Updated by ⓘ	Actions
academics	Dapme Passah	2010-11-18	dapme	
Application Profile for Ceramic Resources	Chandana Patra	2010-02-02	chandana	
Application Profile: Ceramic Repository	Chandana Patra	2009-08-20	chandana	
beefschema	beefsteak	2008-09-27	beefsteak	
Dublin Core Element Set	Dublin Core Metadata Initiative	2008-05-29	Jon Phipps	
FOAF (Friend Of A Friend)	Metadata Management Associates	2008-08-05	Jon Phipps	
FRAD model	Gordon Dunsire	2010-02-15	Gordon Dunsire	
FRBR Entities for RDA	Metadata Management Associates	2010-09-17	DianeH	
FRBRer model	Gordon Dunsire	2011-03-18	Gordon Dunsire	
FRBRer open model	Gordon Dunsire	2010-10-04	Gordon Dunsire	
FRSAD model	Gordon Dunsire	2010-07-24	Gordon Dunsire	
ISBD elements	Gordon Dunsire	2010-06-10	Gordon Dunsire	
KACES	Sam Oh	2008-12-17	sam.oh	

## Element Sets: Show detail for FRBRer model

Detail

Elements

History

Maintainers

Label	Type	URI	Status	Updated	Last Updated by	Actions
Work	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1001	Published	2010-09-30 15:17	Gordon Dunsire	
Expression	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1002	Published	2011-05-02 6:57	Gordon Dunsire	
Manifestation	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1003	Published	2011-05-02 6:52	Gordon Dunsire	
Item	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1004	Published	2010-09-30 15:18	Gordon Dunsire	
Person	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1005	Published	2010-09-30 15:19	Gordon Dunsire	
Corporate Body	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1006	Published	2010-09-30 15:19	Gordon Dunsire	
Concept	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1007	Published	2010-09-30 15:20	Gordon Dunsire	
Object	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1008	Published	2010-09-30 15:20	Gordon Dunsire	
Event	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1009	Published	2010-09-30 15:10	Gordon Dunsire	
Place	class	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1010	Published	2010-09-30 15:19	Gordon Dunsire	
is realized through	property	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/P2001	Published	2010-09-30 15:07	Gordon Dunsire	
is realization of	property	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/P2002	Published	2010-09-30 15:10	Gordon Dunsire	
is embodied in	property	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/P2003	Published	2010-09-30 15:11	Gordon Dunsire	
is embodiment of	property	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/P2004	Published	2010-09-30 15:11	Gordon Dunsire	
is exemplified by	property	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/P2005	Published	2010-09-30 15:13	Gordon Dunsire	
is exemplar of	property	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/P2006	Published	2010-09-30 15:12	Gordon Dunsire	
is created by (corporate body)	property	.../ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/P2007	Published	2010-09-30 15:12	Gordon Dunsire	

## Browse...

[Resource Owners](#)

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Feedback

## Element Sets: FRBRer model

Elements: Person

Detail

Statements

History

### Metadata +

#### Detail

Label:	Person
Name:	Person
URI:	<a href="http://iflastandards.info/ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1005">http://iflastandards.info/ns/fr/frbr/frbrer/C1005</a> (RDF)
Description:	An individual.
Comment:	
Type:	class
Status:	Published
Language:	English
Note:	

 List  Get RDF

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Element Sets: **FRAD model**

Elements: Family

Detail

Statements

History

## Metadata +

### Detail

Label:	Family
Name:	Family
URI:	<a href="http://iflstandards.info/ns/fr/frad/C1002">http://iflstandards.info/ns/fr/frad/C1002</a> (RDF)
Description:	Two or more persons related by birth, marriage, adoption, civil union, or similar legal status, or who otherwise present themselves as a family.
Comment:	
Type:	subclass
Parent:	<a href="#">Bibliographic Entity</a>
Status:	New-Proposed
Language:	English
Note:	

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Feedback

## (2) IFLA models and standards in RDF

Questions for interoperability or linking classes and properties of ALM models/standards represented in RDF:

- Namespaces: re-use of existing namespaces or represent “own” elements and link to existing classes & properties
  - Classes [Subject of the RDF triple] & Properties [relationship or predicate in RDF]
  - Controlled vocabularies: [VIAF](#), LCSH, DDC, etc.
- Argument (#4): representing models/standards in RDF & liaising with similar research in the field by other interested parties **informed back** the the reconsideration and possible development of IFLA standards themselves & their representations in RDF.



# (Some) Background Papers

- Bizer, Christian; Tom Heath, Tim Berners-Lee. Linked data – the story so far. // International Journal on Semantic Web and Information Systems (IJSWIS), vol. 5, issue 3. (2009). Pre-print available at: <http://tomheath.com/papers/bizer-heath-berners-lee-ijswis-linked-data.pdf>
- Dunsire, Gordon. UNIMARC, RDA and the Semantic Web. // International Cataloguing and Bibliographic Control (ICBC), vol. 39, no. 2 (April/June 2010). Based on a paper presented to the World Library and Information Congress: 75th IFLA General Conference and Assembly, 23-27 August 2009, Milan, Italy; available at: [www.ifla.org/files/hq/papers/ifla75/135-dunsire-en.pdf](http://www.ifla.org/files/hq/papers/ifla75/135-dunsire-en.pdf)
- Dunsire, Gordon; Mirna Willer. Standard library metadata models and structures for the Semantic Web. // Library hi tech news, vol. 28, no. 3. (2011), pp. 1-12. Available at: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1108/07419051111145118>
- Dunsire, Gordon; Mirna Willer. UNIMARC and linked data. // World Library and Information Congress: 77th IFLA General Conference and Assembly, 13-18 August 2011, San Juan, Puerto Rico. Available at: <http://conference.ifla.org/sites/default/files/files/papers/ifla77/187-dunsire-en.pdf>
- Willer, Mirna; Gordon Dunsire, and Boris Bosančić. ISBD and the Semantic Web. // JLIS.it: Journal of Library and Information Science. Italy, vol. 1, no. 2, (2010) pp. 213-236. Available at: <http://dx.doi.org/10.4403/jlis.it-4536>

# Discussion & comments from the archival community